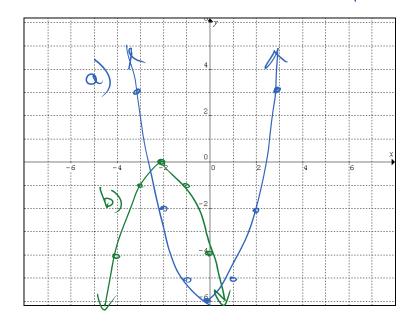
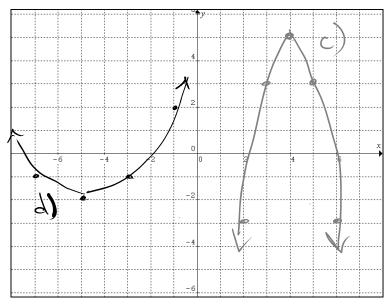
Stretch compress.

3.1 Quadratic Functions in Vertex Form - Part 3 $y = a(x-p)^2 + q$

1. Graph the following quadratic functions:

		`	
$y = x^2 - 6$		$\begin{cases} f(x) = -(x+2)^2 \\ p = -2 q = 0 a \end{cases}$	
p = $q = $ a	= \	p = -2 $q = 6$ a	= - \
Coordinates of the vertex	(0,-6)	Coordinates of the vertex	(-2,0)
Axis of symmetry	X=0	Axis of symmetry	x = -2
Opening	NP	Opening	Sow
Range	y>,-6	Range	746
Domain	XER	Domain	LER
Min/Max value	y = -6	Min/Max value	y = 0



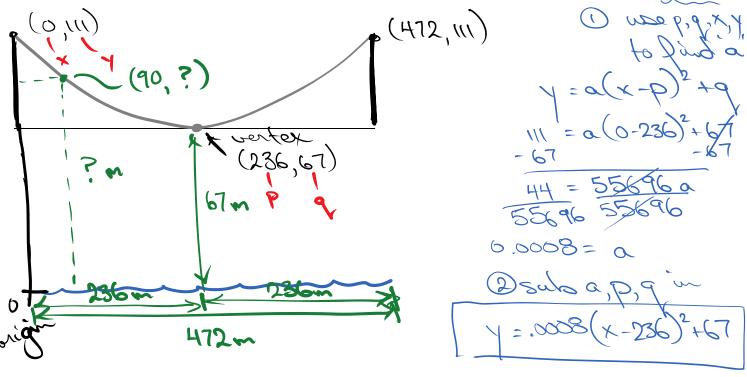


c) $y = -2(x-4)^2 + 5$ $p = \underline{\qquad} \qquad q = \underline{\qquad} \qquad a = \underline{\qquad}$		$f(x) = \frac{1}{4}(x+5)^2 - 2$ $p = \frac{-5}{4} q = \frac{1}{4} a = \frac{1}{4}$	
Coordinates of the vertex	(+4,5)	Coordinates of the vertex	(-5,-2)
Axis of symmetry	X=4	Axis of symmetry	x=-5
Opening	90m	Opening	Qu
Range	y 45	Range	1>-2
Domain	KER	Domain	XER
Min/Max yalue	y=5	Min Max value	7=-2

The deck of the Lions' Gate Bridge in Vancouver is suspended from two main cables attached to the tops of two supporting towers. Between the towers, the main cables take the shape of a parabola as they support the weight of the deck.

The towers are 111 m tall relative to the water's surface and are 472 m apart. The lowest point of the cables is approximately 67 m above the water's surface.

a) Model the shape of the cables with a quadratic function in vertex form (write the equation).



b) Determine the height above the surface of the water of a point on the cables that is 90 m horizontally from one of the towers (to the nearest tenth).

$$x = 90$$
 for $y = 0008$ $(x - 236)^2 + 67$
 $y = 0008$ $(90 - 236)^2 + 67$
 $y = 84.65$

Practice: page 159 #13, 14, 16, 17, 21