

5.4 WS KEY

Tuesday, April 12, 2022 1:48 PM

PreCalc 11

5.4 WS - Solving Radicals by Graphing

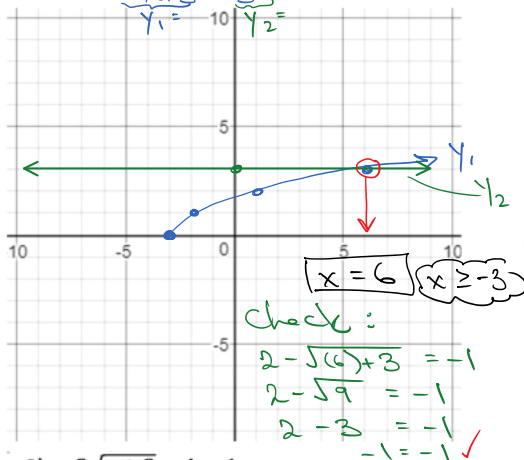
Solve each of the following by graphing.

Linear $y = mx + b$

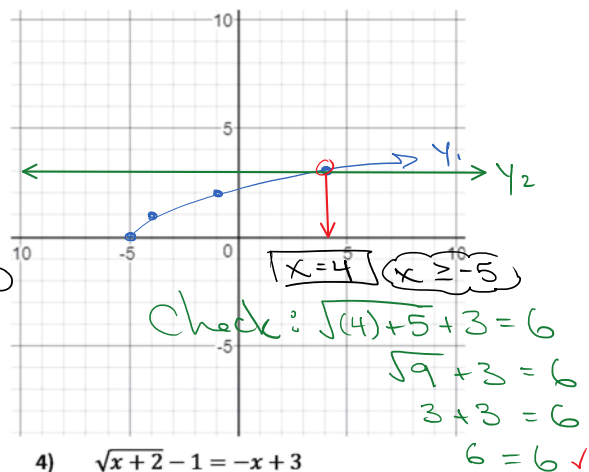
Quadratic $y = a(x - p)^2 + q$

Radical $y = a\sqrt{x - h} + k$

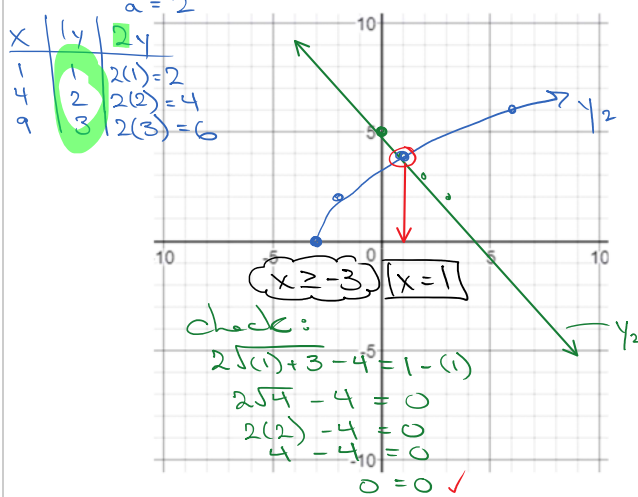
1)
$$\begin{aligned} 2 - \sqrt{x+3} &= -1 \\ -2 & \quad -2 \\ \hline -\sqrt{x+3} &= -3 \\ \hline \sqrt{x+3} &= 3 \\ y_1 &= 3 \\ y_2 &= \end{aligned}$$



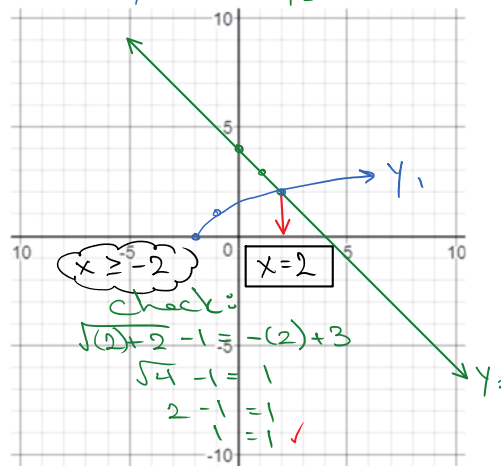
2)
$$\begin{aligned} \sqrt{x+5} + 3 &= 6 \\ -3 & \quad -3 \\ \hline \sqrt{x+5} &= 3 \\ y_1 & \quad y_2 \end{aligned}$$



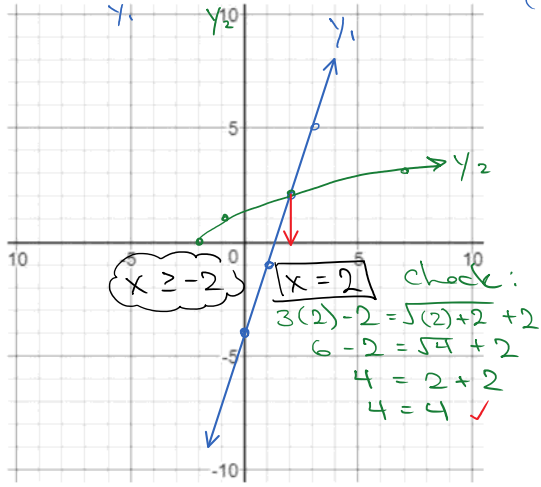
3)
$$\begin{aligned} 2\sqrt{x+3} - 4 &= 1 - x \\ +4 & \quad +4 \\ \hline 2\sqrt{x+3} &= 5 - x \\ y_1 & \quad y_2 = -x + 5 \end{aligned}$$



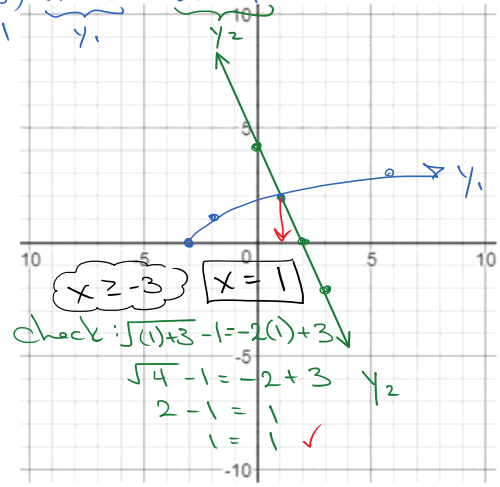
4)
$$\begin{aligned} \sqrt{x+2} - 1 &= -x + 3 \\ +1 & \quad +1 \\ \hline \sqrt{x+2} &= -x + 4 \\ y_1 & \quad y_2 \end{aligned}$$



5) $3x - 2 = \sqrt{x+2} + 2$
 $\frac{-2}{-2} \quad \frac{-2}{-2}$ $(-2, 0)$
 $a = 1$
 $3x - 4 = \sqrt{x+2}$

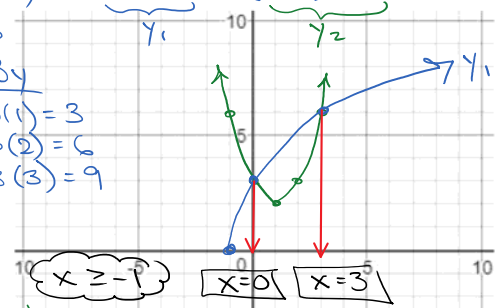


6) $\sqrt{x+3} - 1 = -2x + 3$
 $\frac{+1}{+1}$
 $(-3, 0)$ $\sqrt{x+3} = -2x + 4$
 $a = 1$



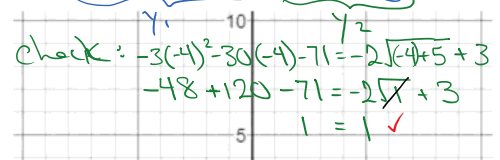
7) $3\sqrt{x+1} - 5 = (x-1)^2 - 3$
 $\frac{+5}{+5}$ $\frac{-3}{+5}$
 $(-1, 0)$ $3\sqrt{x+1} = (x-1)^2 + 2$
 $a = 3$

x	y	3y
1	1	3(1) = 3
4	2	3(2) = 6
9	3	3(3) = 9



check:
 $3\sqrt{3+1} - 5 = (3-1)^2 - 3$
 $3\sqrt{4} - 5 = 2^2 - 3$
 $6 - 5 = 4 - 3$
 $1 = 1 \checkmark$

8) $-3x^2 - 30x - 71 = -2\sqrt{x+5} + 3$
 $\frac{-3}{-3}$ $\frac{-3}{-3}$
 $-3x^2 - 30x - 74 = -2\sqrt{x+5}$



$x \geq -5$ $x = -4$

$y = (-3x^2 - 30x) - 74$
 $y = -3(x^2 + 10x + 25 - 25) - 74$
 $y = -3(x+5)^2 + 1$
 $(-5, 1) a = -3$

x	y	-3y
±1	1	-3(1) = -3
±2	4	-3(4) = -12
±3	9	-3(9) = -27

$(-5, 0) a = -2$

x	y	-2y
±1	1	-2(1) = -2
±2	2	-2(2) = -4
±3	3	-2(3) = -6