

5.5 WS - Solving Radical Equations – Algebraically

$$-4 - m \geq 0$$

$$-m \geq 4$$

$$m \leq -4$$

Solving the following equations algebraically, state restrictions, check your solutions and show your work.

1. $(\sqrt{2x+31})^2 = (x-2)^2$
 $x \geq \frac{-31}{2}$
 $x = 9$

check:
 $\sqrt{2(-3)+31} = (-3)-2$
 $5 = -5 \times$
 $\sqrt{2(9)+31} = (9)-2$
 $7 = 7 \checkmark$

3. $(\frac{1}{8}\sqrt{-4-m})^2 = (\frac{1}{8})^2$
 $m \leq -4$
 $m = -5$

check:
 $\frac{1}{8}\sqrt{-4-(-5)} = \frac{1}{8}$
 $\frac{1}{8} = \frac{1}{8} \checkmark$

3. $(\sqrt{6x+3})^2 = (x+2)^2$
 $x \geq -\frac{1}{2}$
 $x = 1$

check:
 $\sqrt{6(1)+3} = (1)+2$
 $3 = 3 \checkmark$

4. $(b)^2 = (\sqrt{-10+7b})^2$
 $b \geq \frac{10}{7}$
 $b = 2$
 $b = 5$

check:
 $(2) = \sqrt{-10+7(2)}$
 $2 = 2 \checkmark$
 $(5) = \sqrt{-10+7(5)}$
 $5 = 5 \checkmark$

5. $(2\sqrt{-12+8x})^2 = (2x)^2$
 $x \geq \frac{3}{2}$
 $x = 2$
 $x = 6$

check:
 $2\sqrt{-12+8(2)} = 2(2)$
 $4 = 4 \checkmark$
 $2\sqrt{-12+8(6)} = 2(6)$
 $12 = 12 \checkmark$

6. $(\sqrt{4n-7})^2 = (5)^2$
 $n \geq \frac{7}{4}$
 $n = 8$

check:
 $\sqrt{4(8)-7} = 5$
 $5 = 5 \checkmark$

7. $(x-4)^2 = (\sqrt{2x})^2$
 $x \geq 0$
 $x = 8$

check:
 $(2) - 4 = \sqrt{2(2)}$
 $-2 = 2 \times$
 $(8) - 4 = \sqrt{2(8)}$
 $4 = 4 \checkmark$

8. $(x+1)^2 = 2(\sqrt{3x+31})^2$
 $x^2 + 2x + 1 = 3x + 31$
 $x^2 - x - 30 = 0$
 $(x-6)(x+5) = 0$
 $x = 6$
 $x = -5$

check:
 $2(\frac{31}{3}) = 2\sqrt{3(\frac{31}{3})+31}$
 $14 = 14 \checkmark$

9. $(\sqrt{3x+4})^2 = (1+\sqrt{2x+1})^2$
 $x \geq -\frac{1}{2}$
 $x = 0$
 $x = 4$

check:
 $\sqrt{3(0)+4} = 1 + \sqrt{2(0)+1}$
 $2 = 2 \checkmark$
 $\sqrt{3(4)+4} = 1 + \sqrt{2(4)+1}$
 $4 = 4 \checkmark$

check:
 $2((-5)+1) = 2\sqrt{3(-5)+31}$
 $-8 = 8 \times$

Solutions

1. x=9 2. m=-5 3. x=1 4. x=2,5 5. x=2,6 6. x=8 7. x=8 8. x=6 9. x=0,4